



Non-Destructive Data Collection for Airport Infrastructure

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Contents



Technologies

- Inertial Profiling
- Ground Penetrating Radar
- Terrestrial LiDAR
- 3D Digital Imagery
- Pavement Strength
- Friction Testing

Applications

Contents

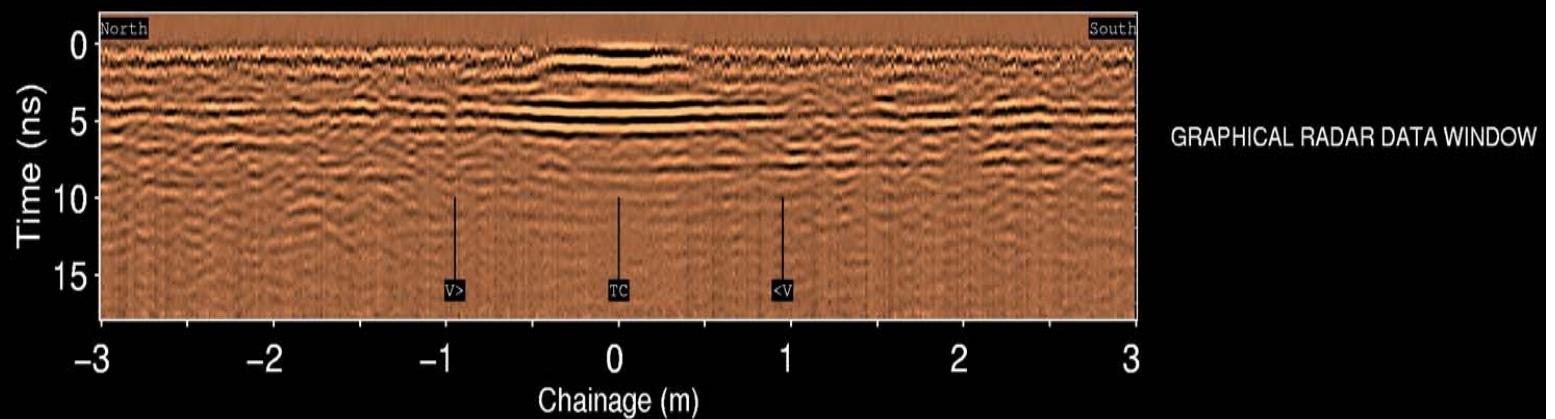
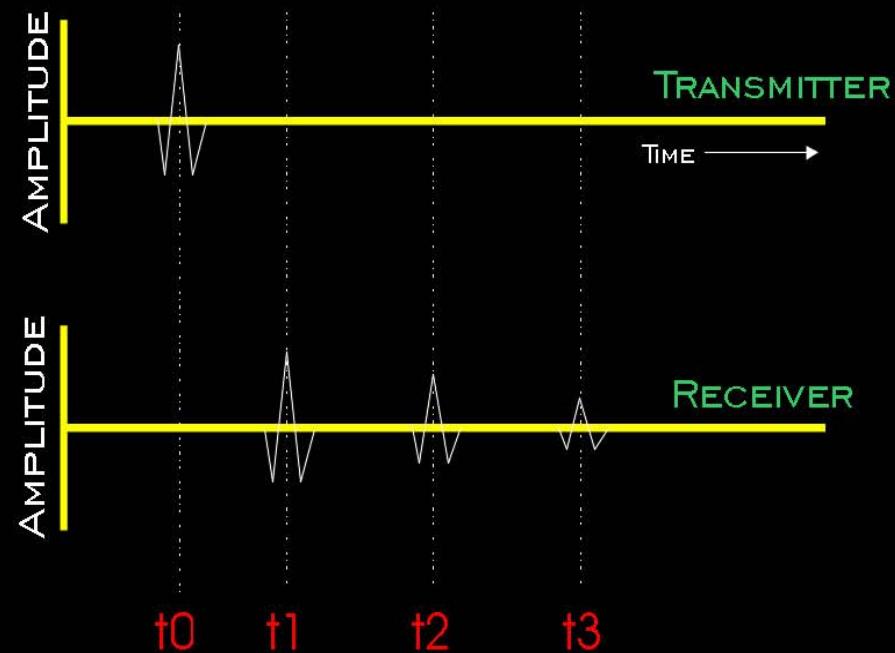
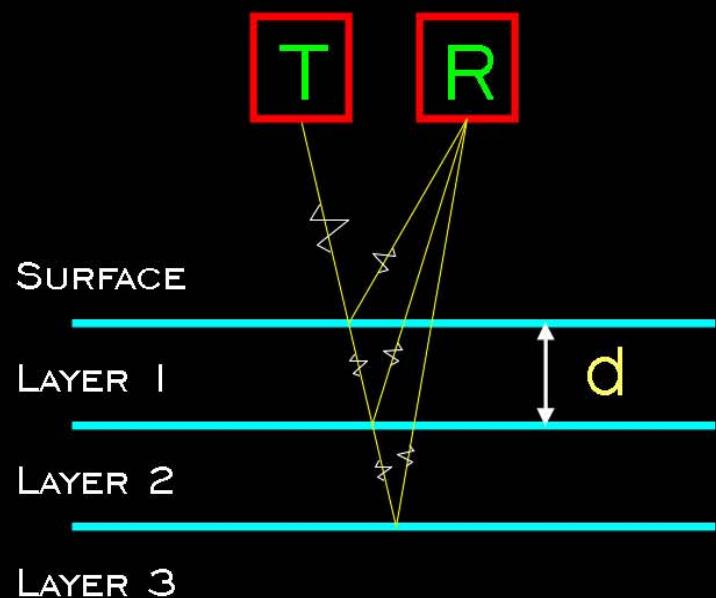


Technologies

- Inertial Profiling
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- Friction Testing

Applications

Radar Theory



Radar Array

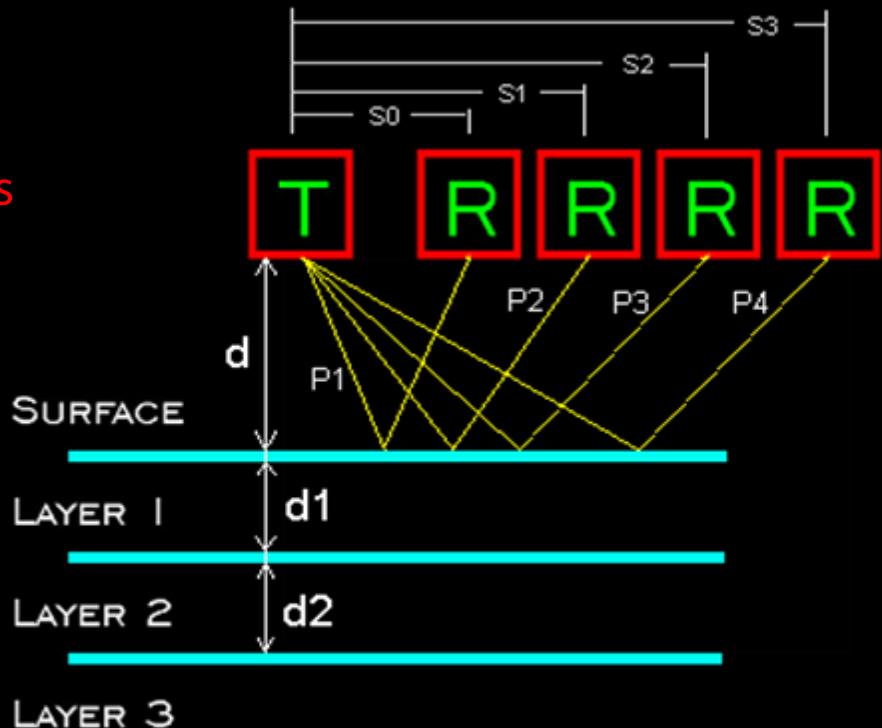


If we use a Multiple Receiver Array configuration we able able to:

- Calculate Layer Depth
- Calculate Layer Electrical Properties

Result:

- Measure Layer Thickness Accurately
(without the need for destructive cores for calibration)
- Detect variations in in-situ material properties continuously

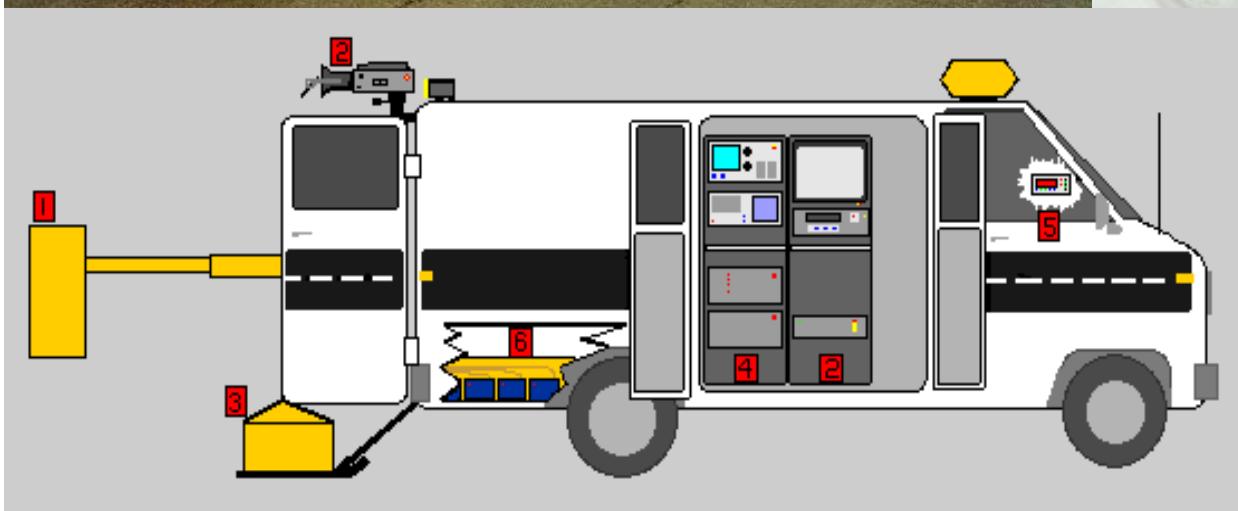


The Road Radar™ System



Specifications

- Max Penetration Depth: 2m
- Min Layer Thickness: 50mm
- Accuracy (uncalibrated): +/- 5%
- Maximum Survey Speed: 100kph



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Structural Verification and Forensic Analysis



Project:

Runway

Taxiway

Length:

Runway: 3.8km x 4 lines

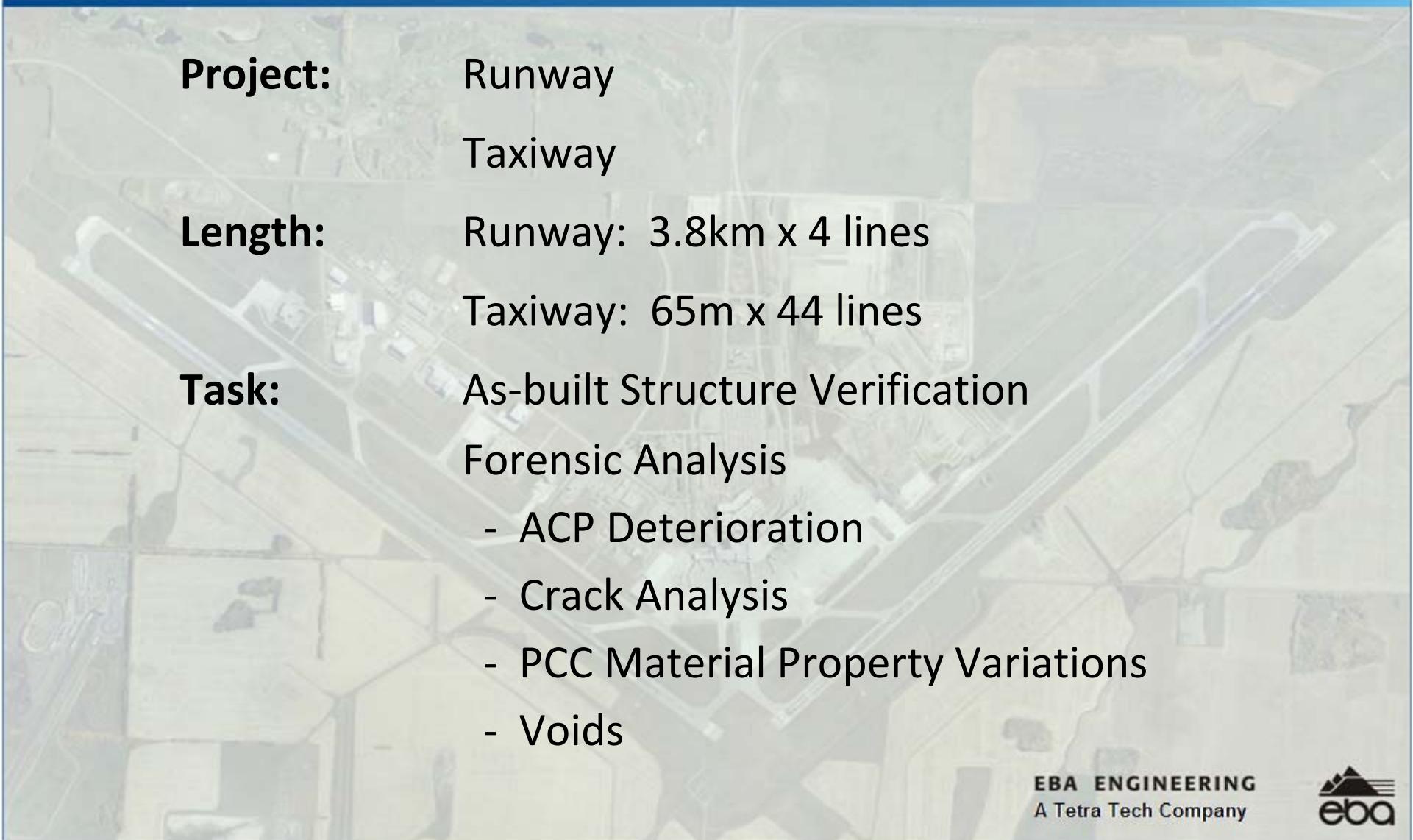
Taxiway: 65m x 44 lines

Task:

As-built Structure Verification

Forensic Analysis

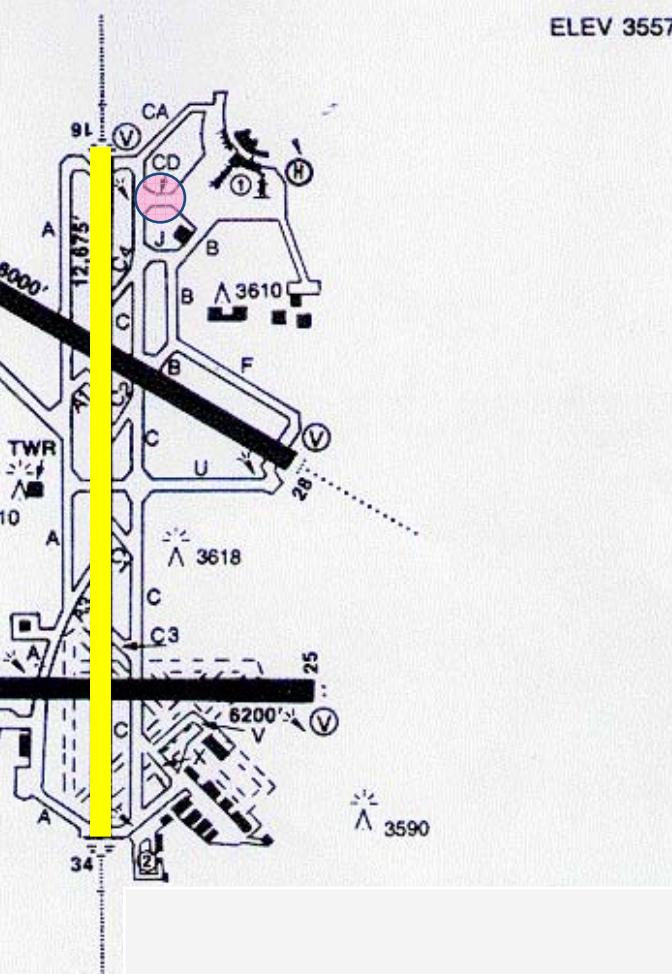
- ACP Deterioration
- Crack Analysis
- PCC Material Property Variations
- Voids





Structural Verification/Analysis

- ① Air Terminal Bldg
- ② General Avn Pkg 12,500 lbs & less



Runway

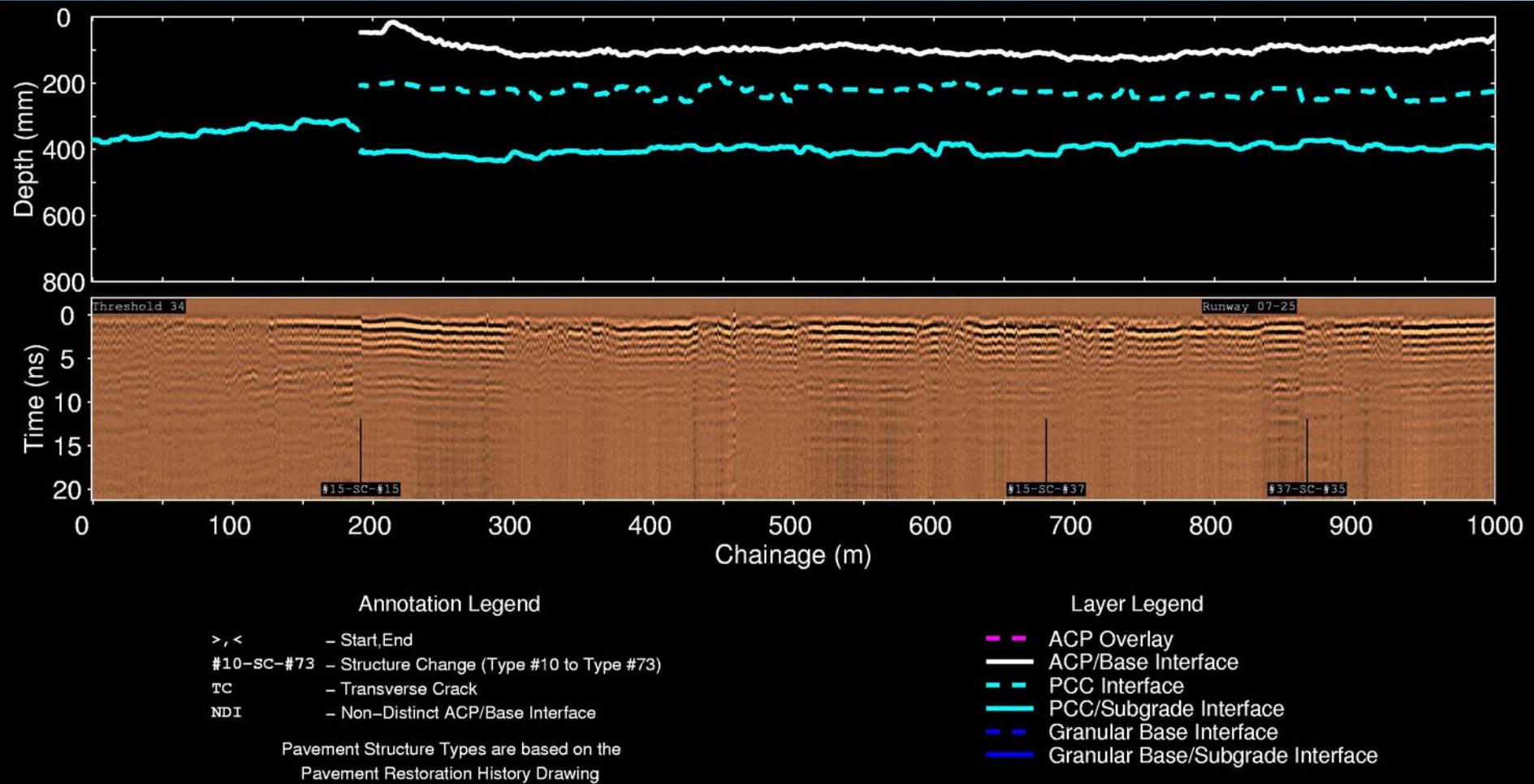
- 4 Lines
- 3,875m Long
- 0.20m Spacing
- 19,735 Samples/line

Taxiway

- 44 Lines
- 65m Long
- 0.015m Spacing
- 4,333 Samples/line

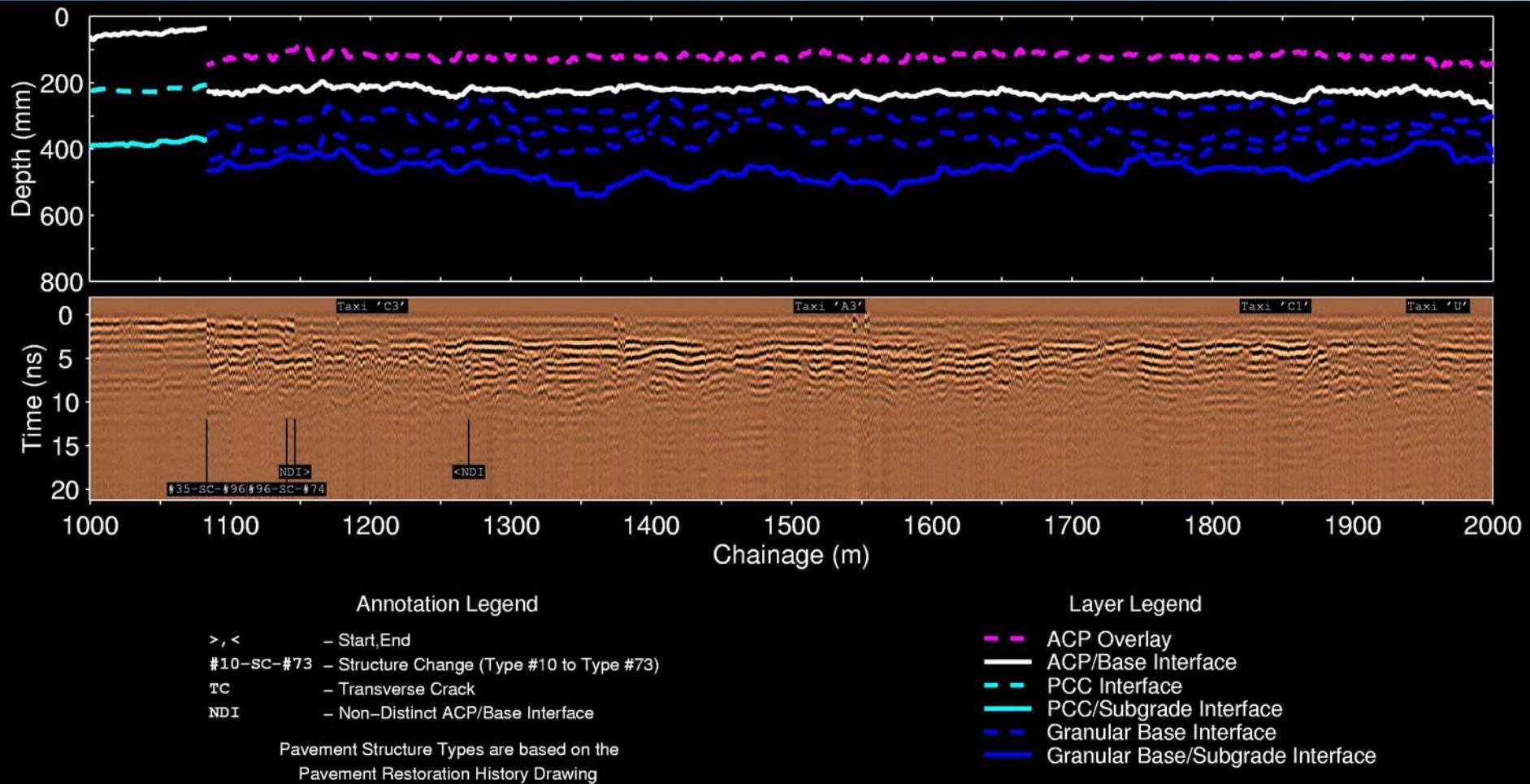


As-Built Structure



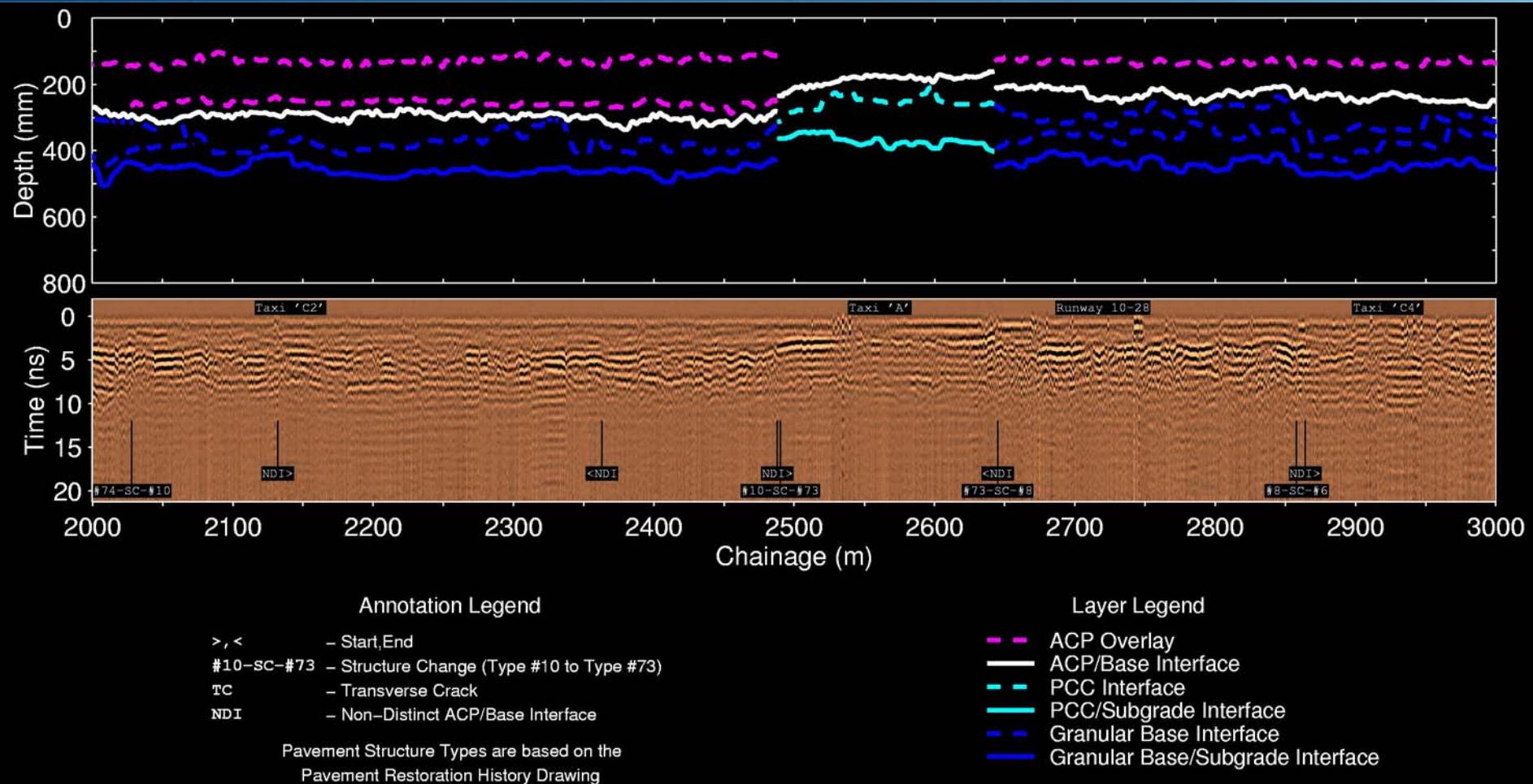


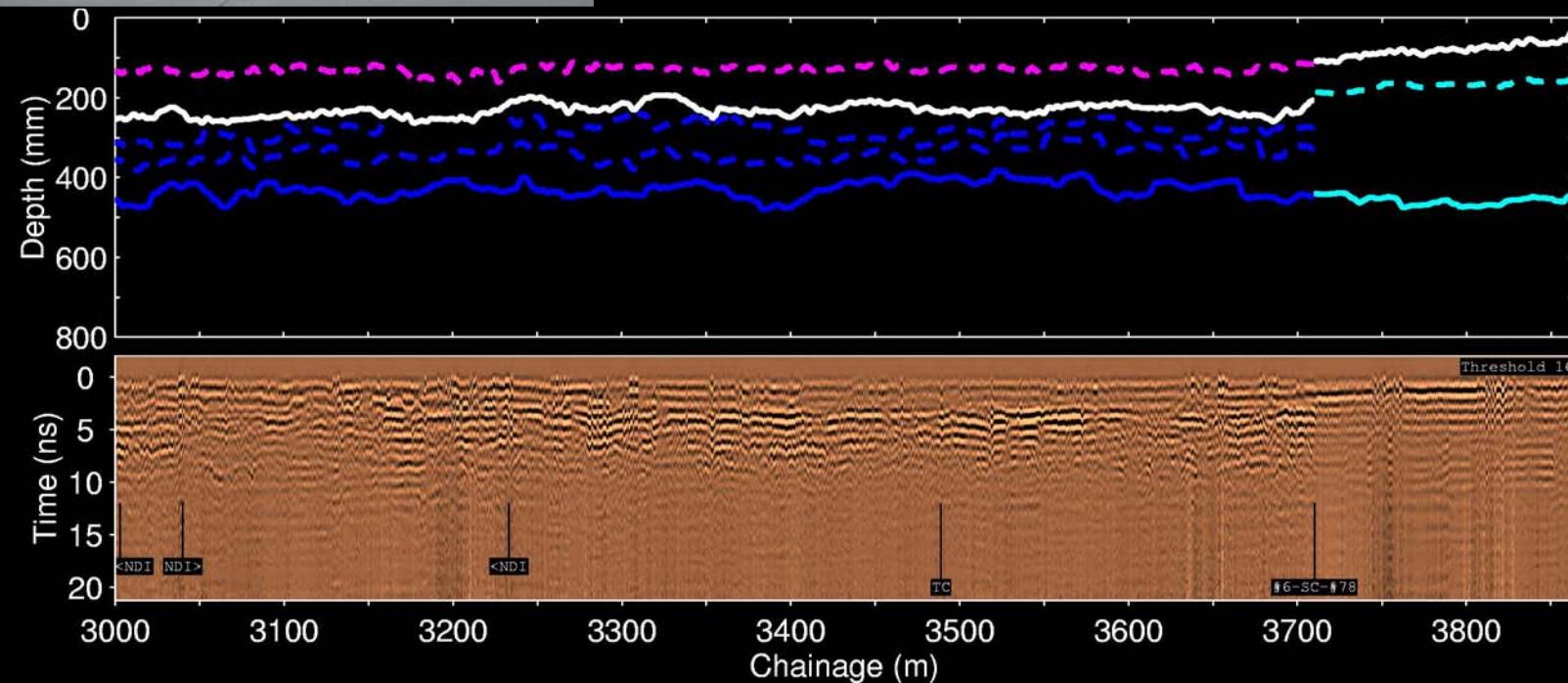
As-Built Structure





As-Built Structure



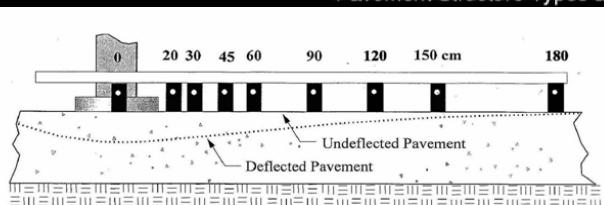


Annotation Legend

- >, < – Start,End
- #10-SC-#73 – Structure Change (Type #10 to Type #73)
- TC – Transverse Crack
- NDI – Non-Distinct ACP/Base Interface

Pavement Structure Types are based on the

Project Drawing



Layer Legend

- ACP Overlay
- ACP/Base Interface
- PCC Interface
- PCC/Subgrade Interface
- Granular Base Interface
- Granular Base/Subgrade Interface

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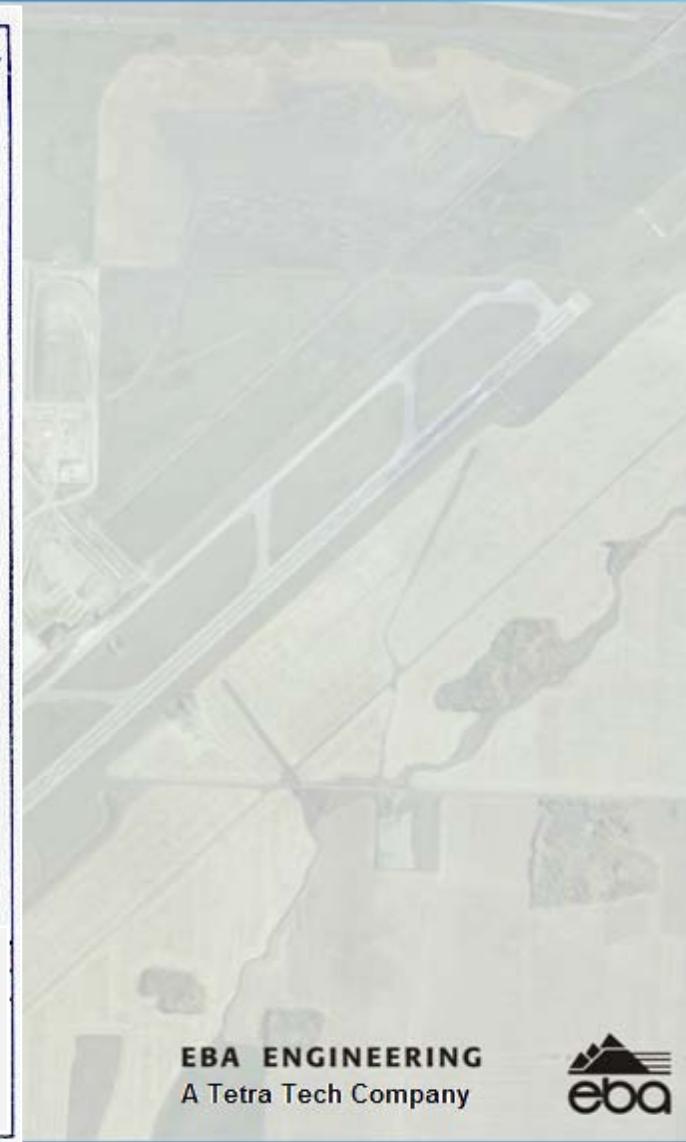
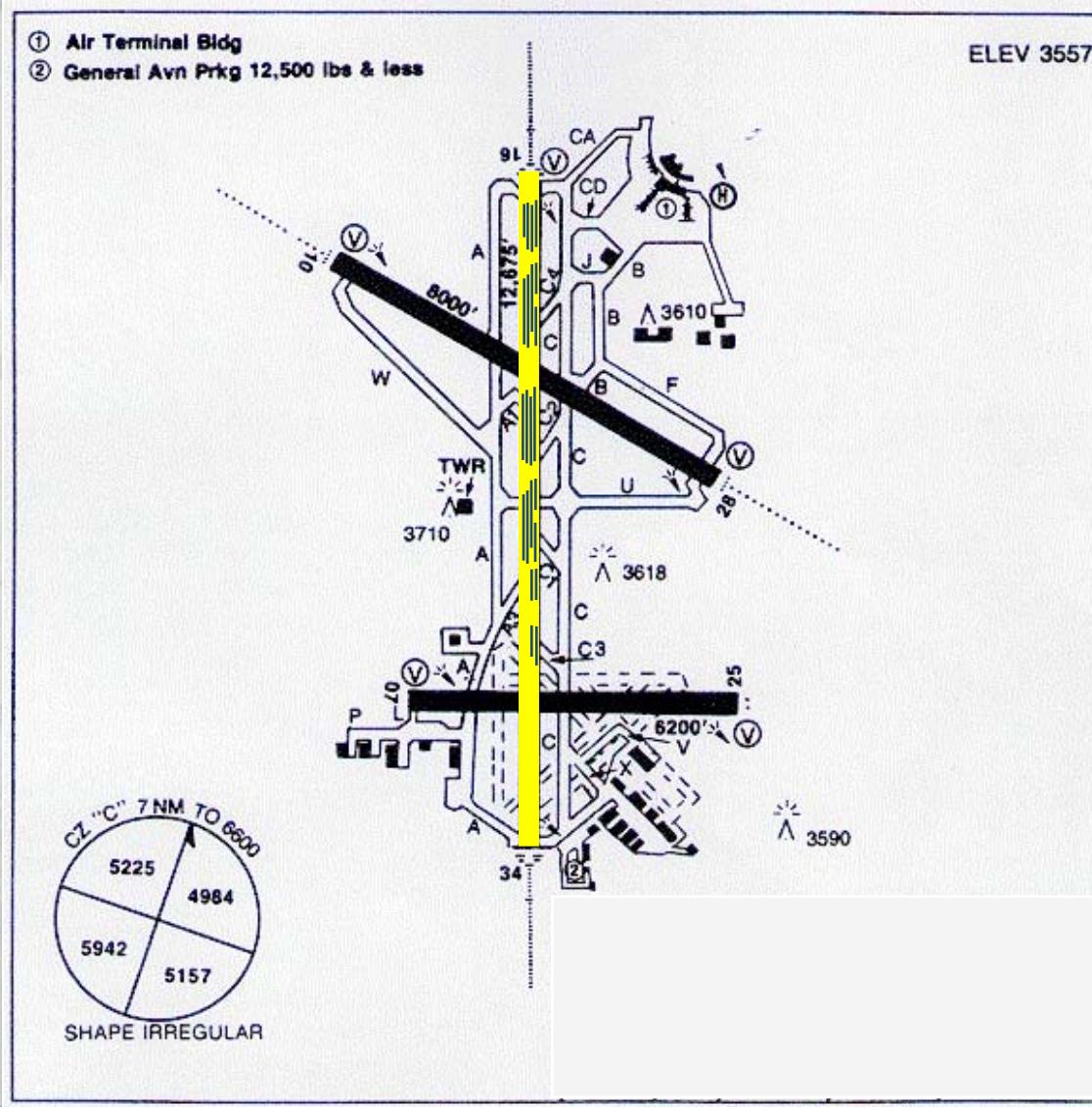
Runway Core



Multiple ACP Layers

Stripped Original ACP

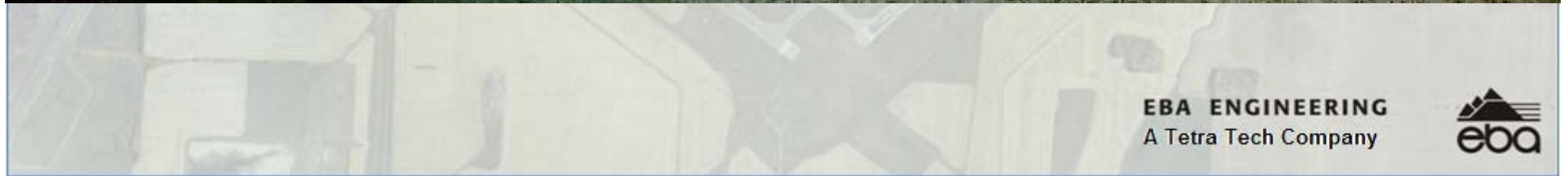
ACP/BASE Anomaly



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Crack Analysis



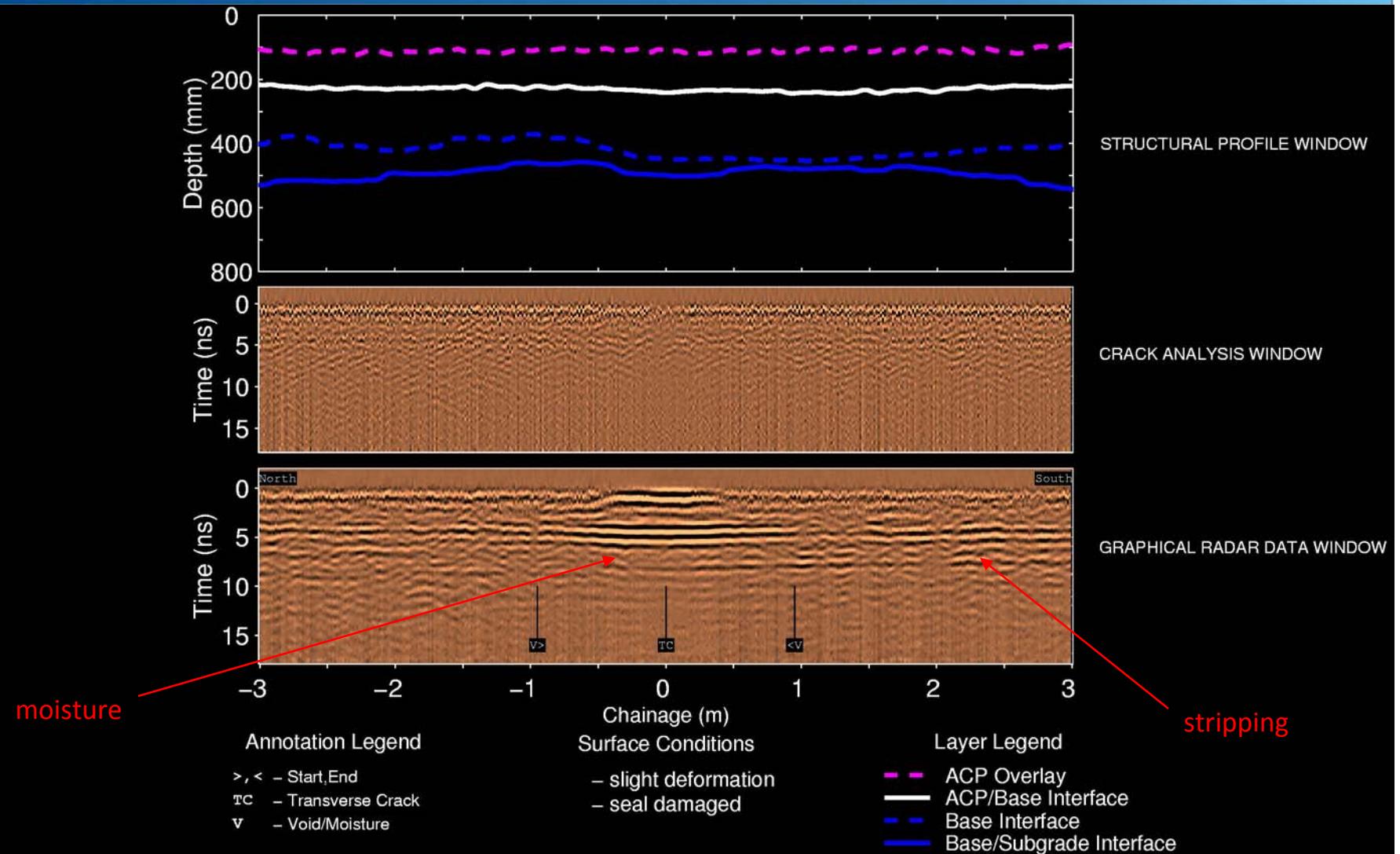
Crack Analysis



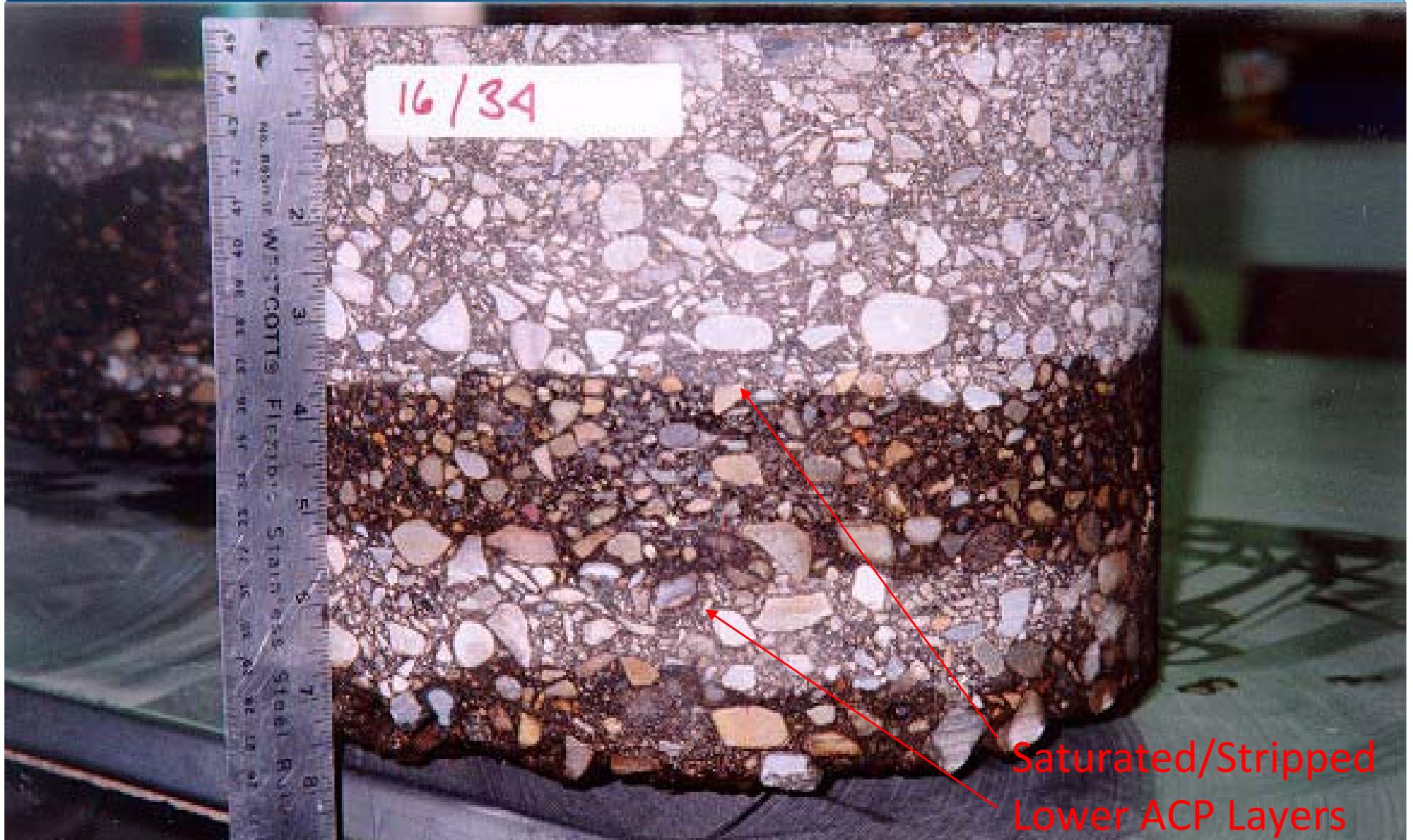
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Radar Analysis

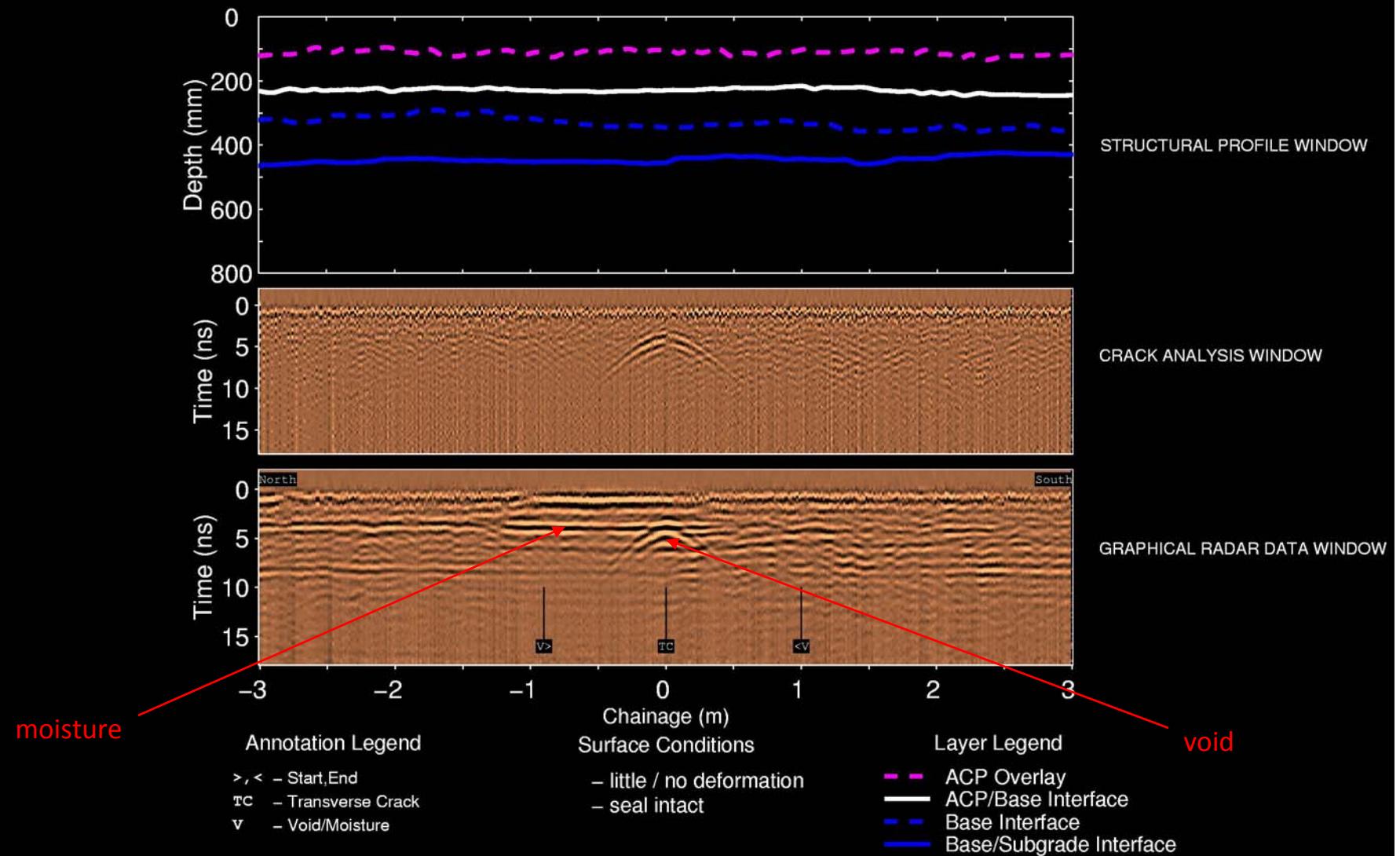


Core Near Transverse Crack



Saturated/Stripped
Lower ACP Layers

Radar Analysis

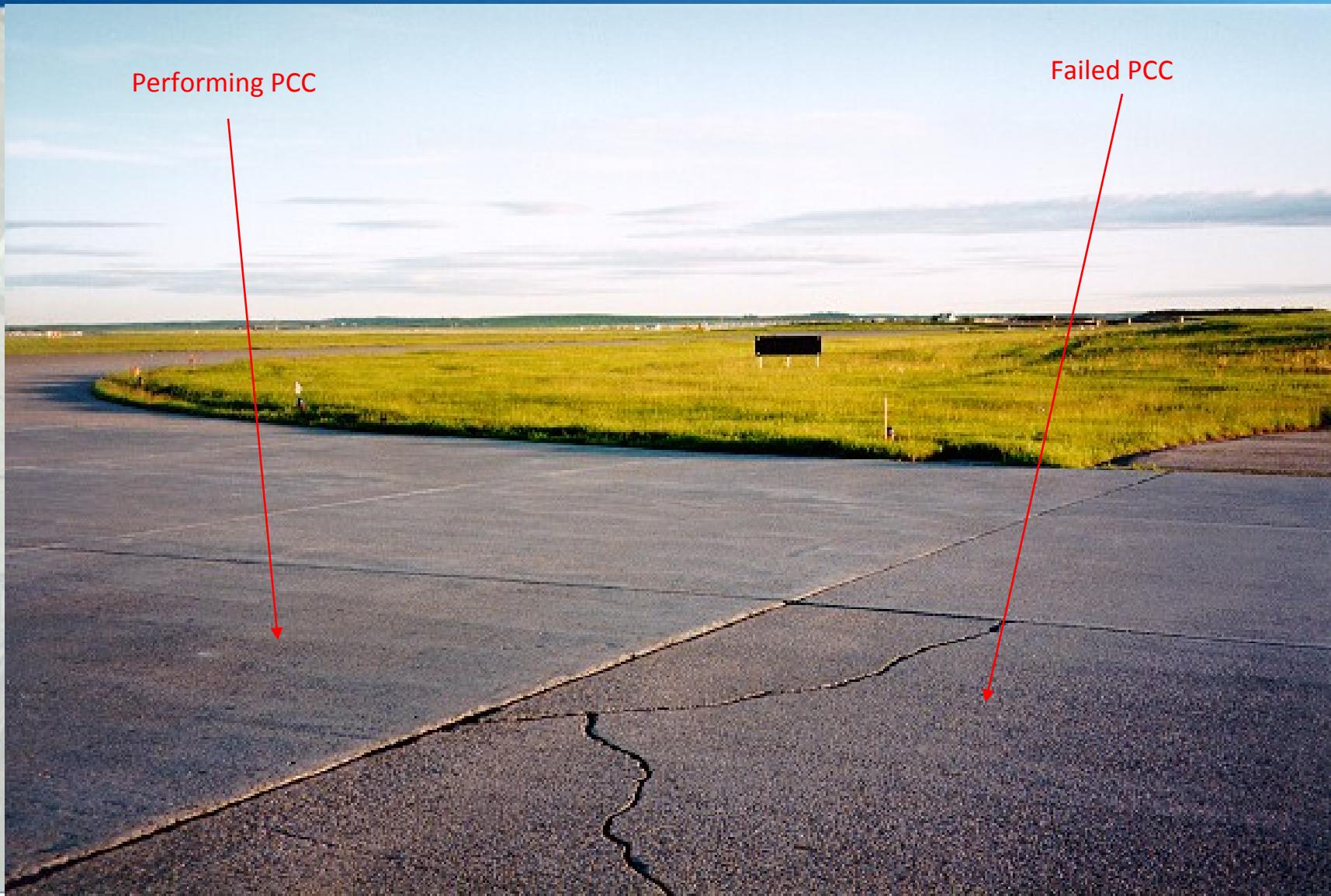


Taxiway

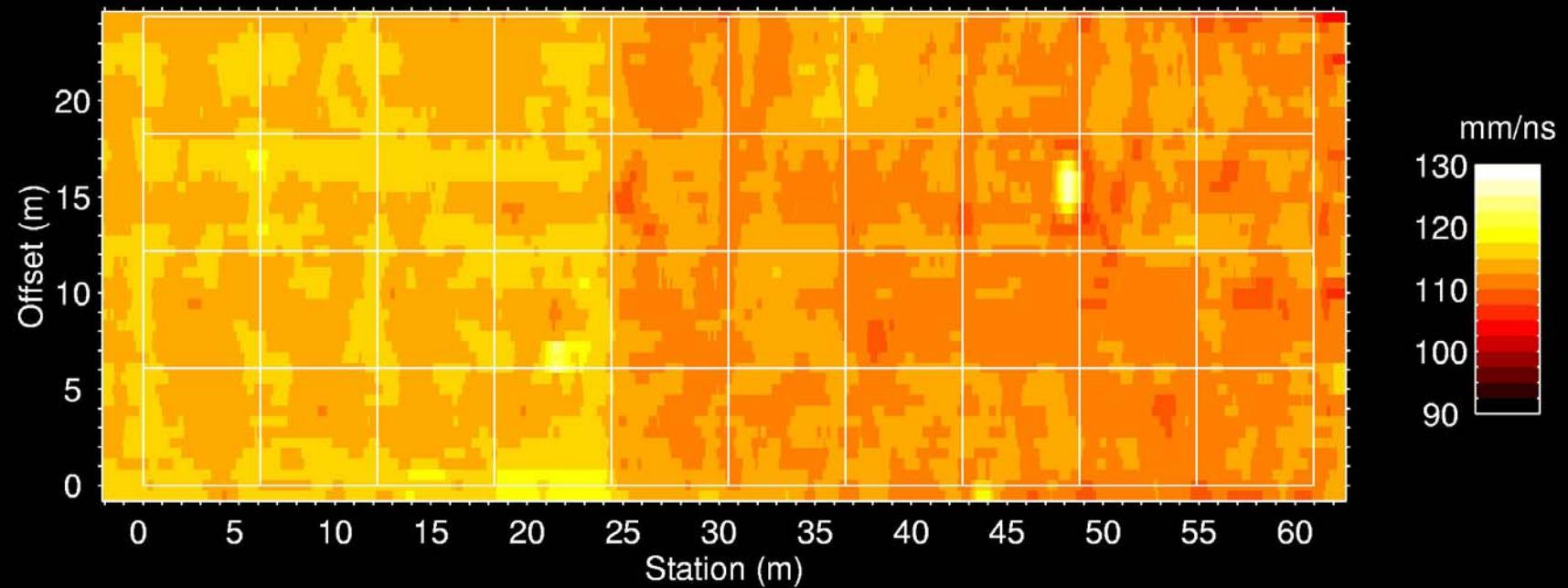


Performing PCC

Failed PCC



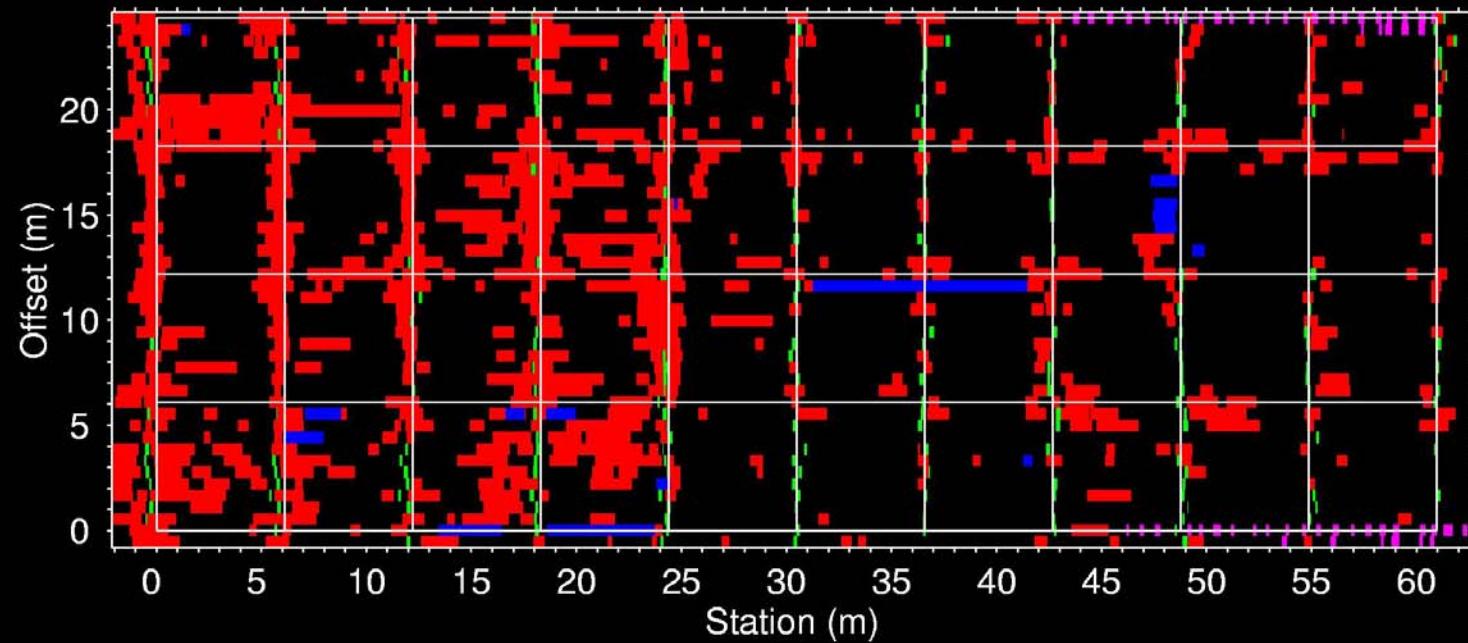
PCC Material Properties



Void Analysis



Subsurface Anomalies

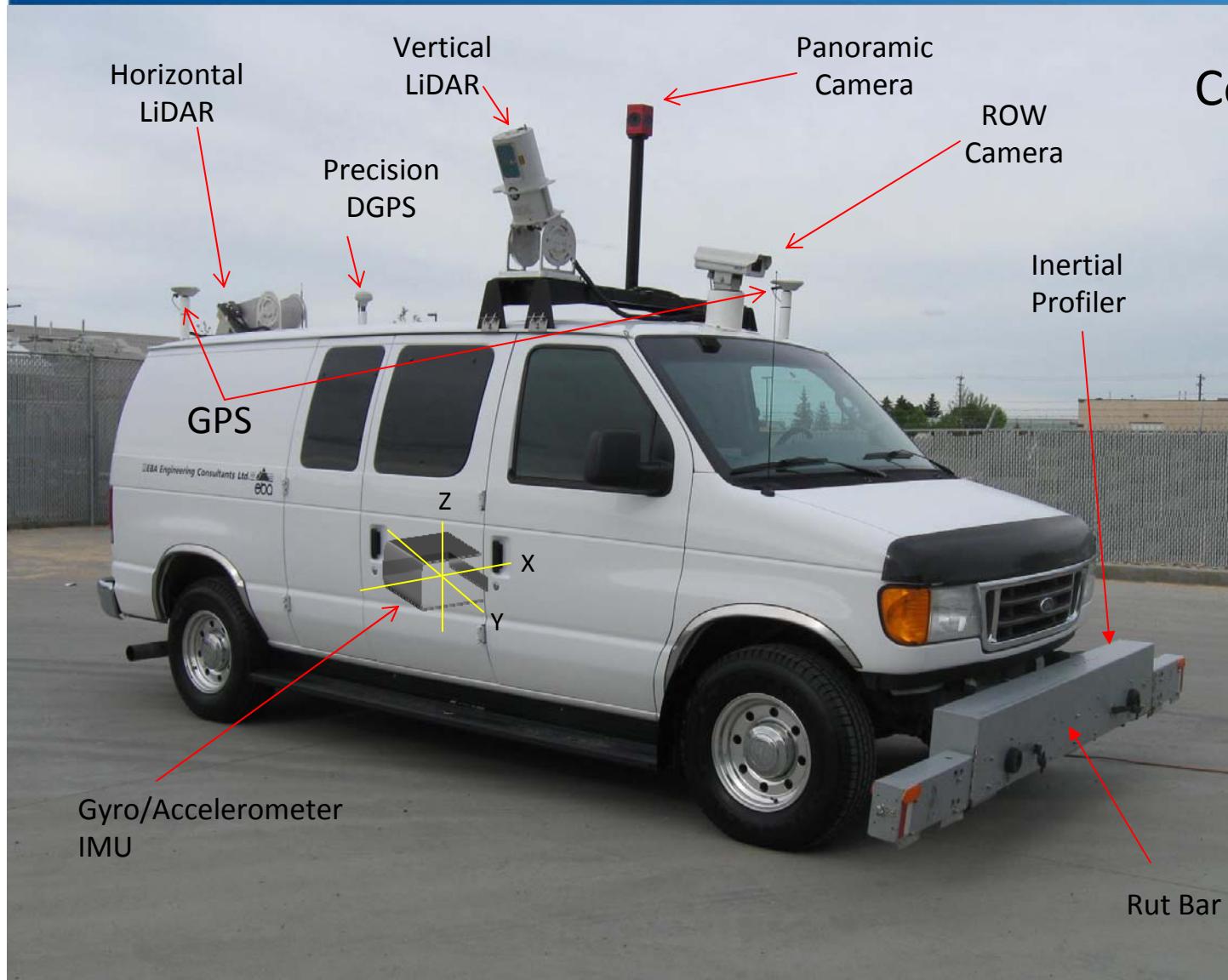


- 18 sq.m (1.1%) Joints
- 8 sq.m (0.5%) Re-bar
- 17 sq.m (1.1%) Delaminations
- 332 sq.m (20.1%) Potential Voids

Surveyed Area: 1652 sq.m



Data Collection Vehicle



Collected Data:

- Longitudinal Profile
- Transverse Profile
- Geometrics
- ROW Images
- Panoramic Images
- Surface LiDAR
- 3D LiDAR
- Surface Distress
- Spatial Reference Synchronization

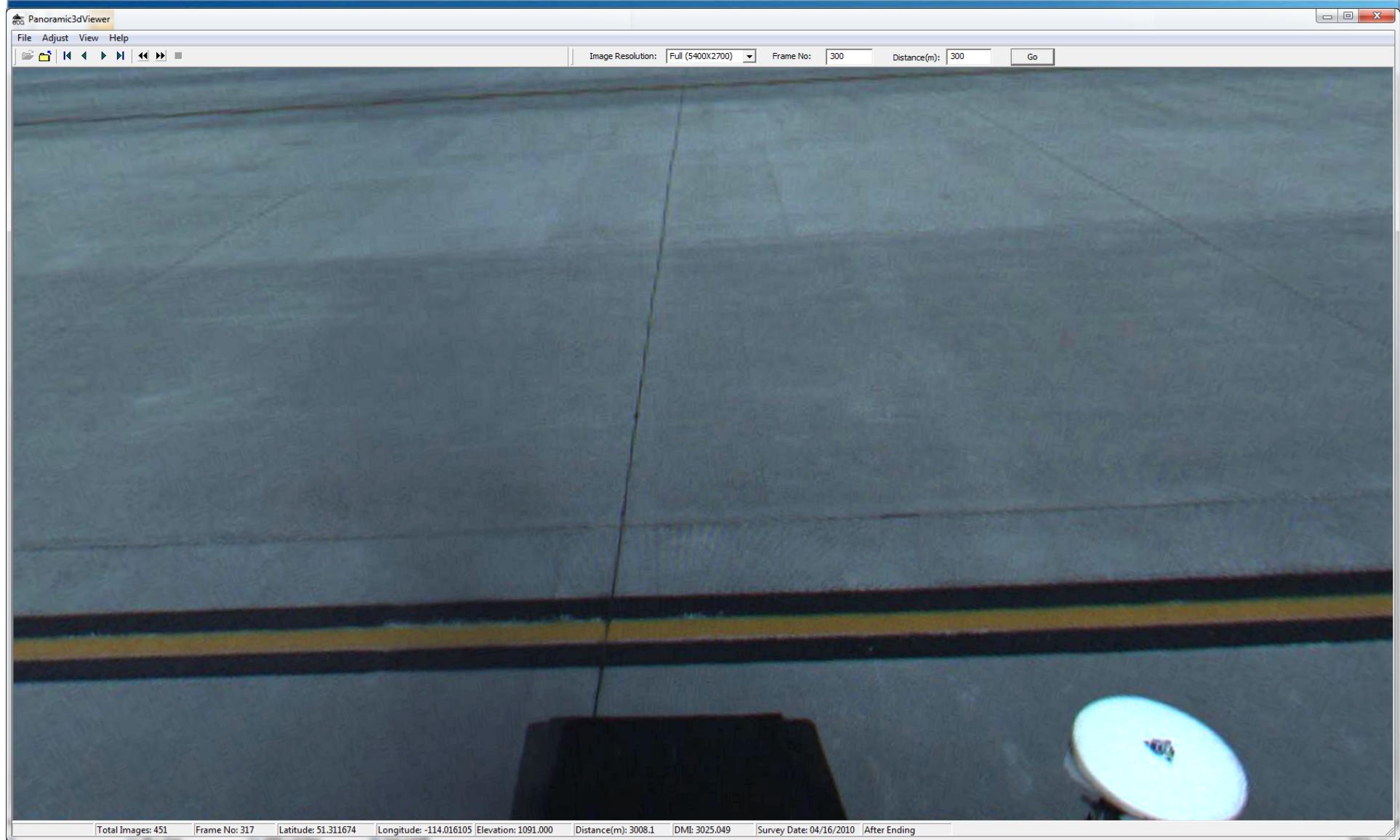
Panoramic Videolog



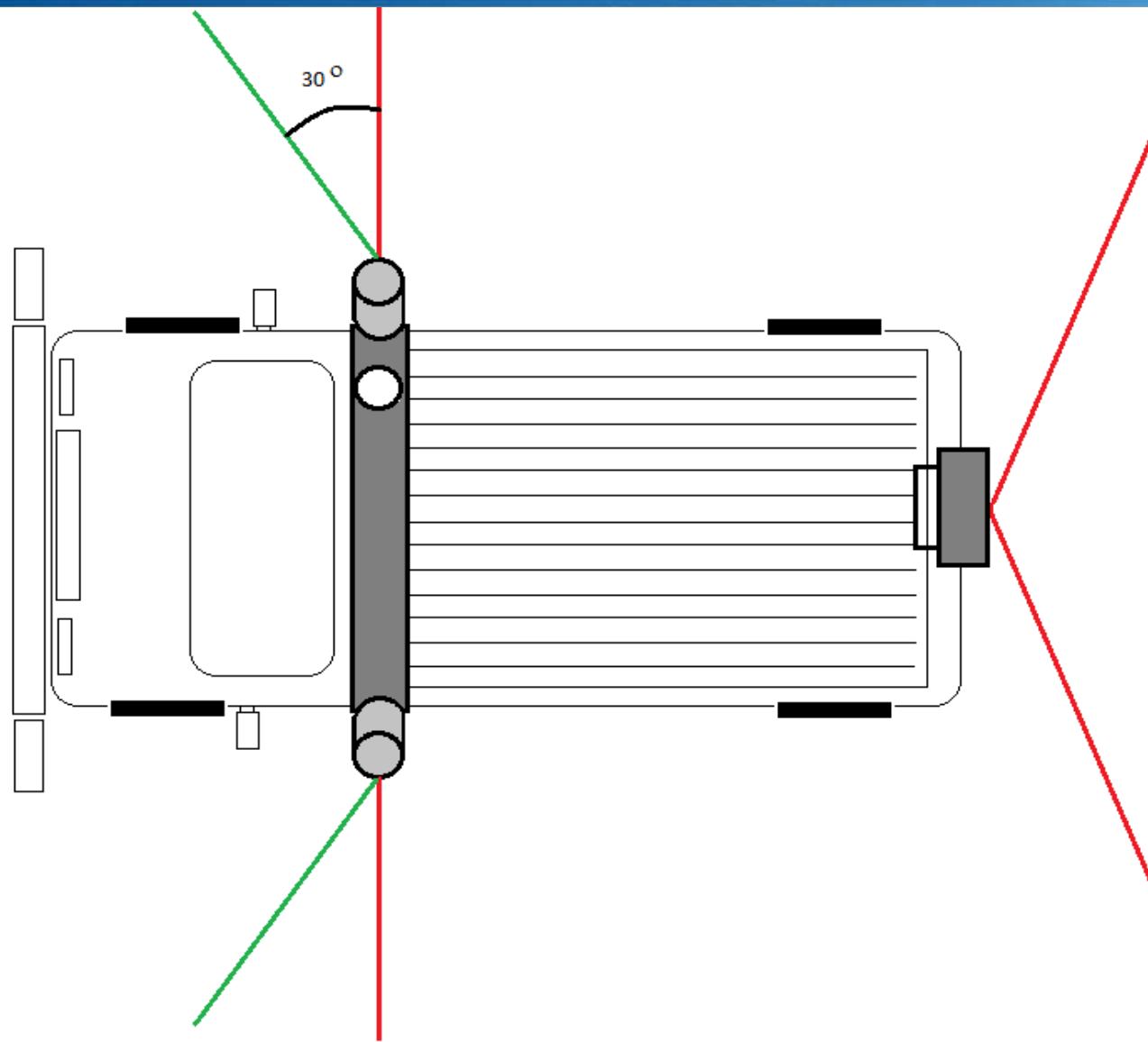
Appurtenances



Pavement Videolog Record



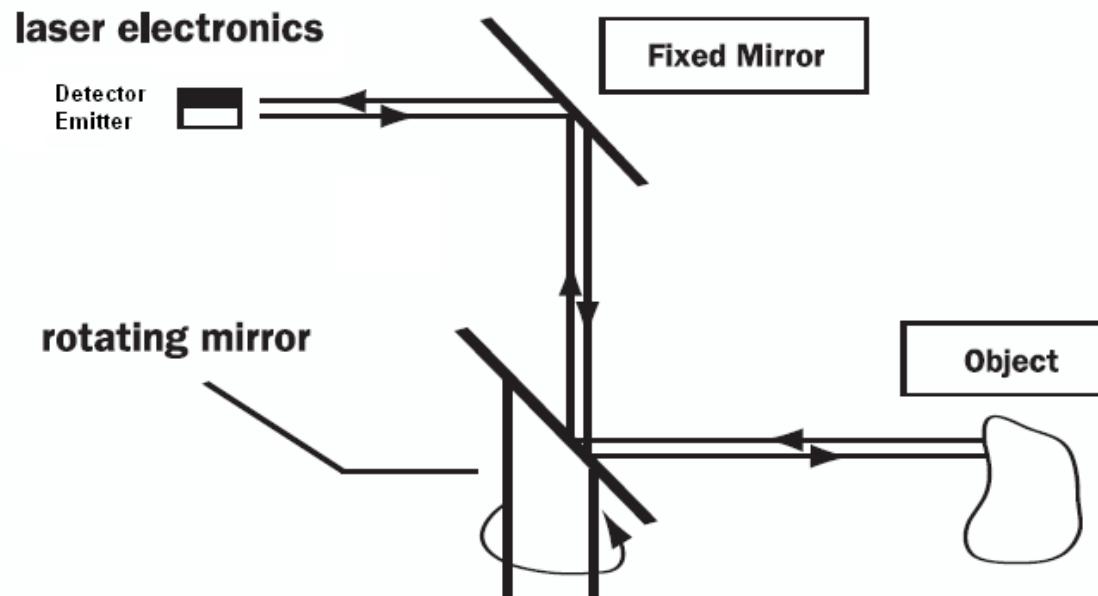
Kinematic Terrestrial LiDAR



Kinematic Terrestrial LiDAR

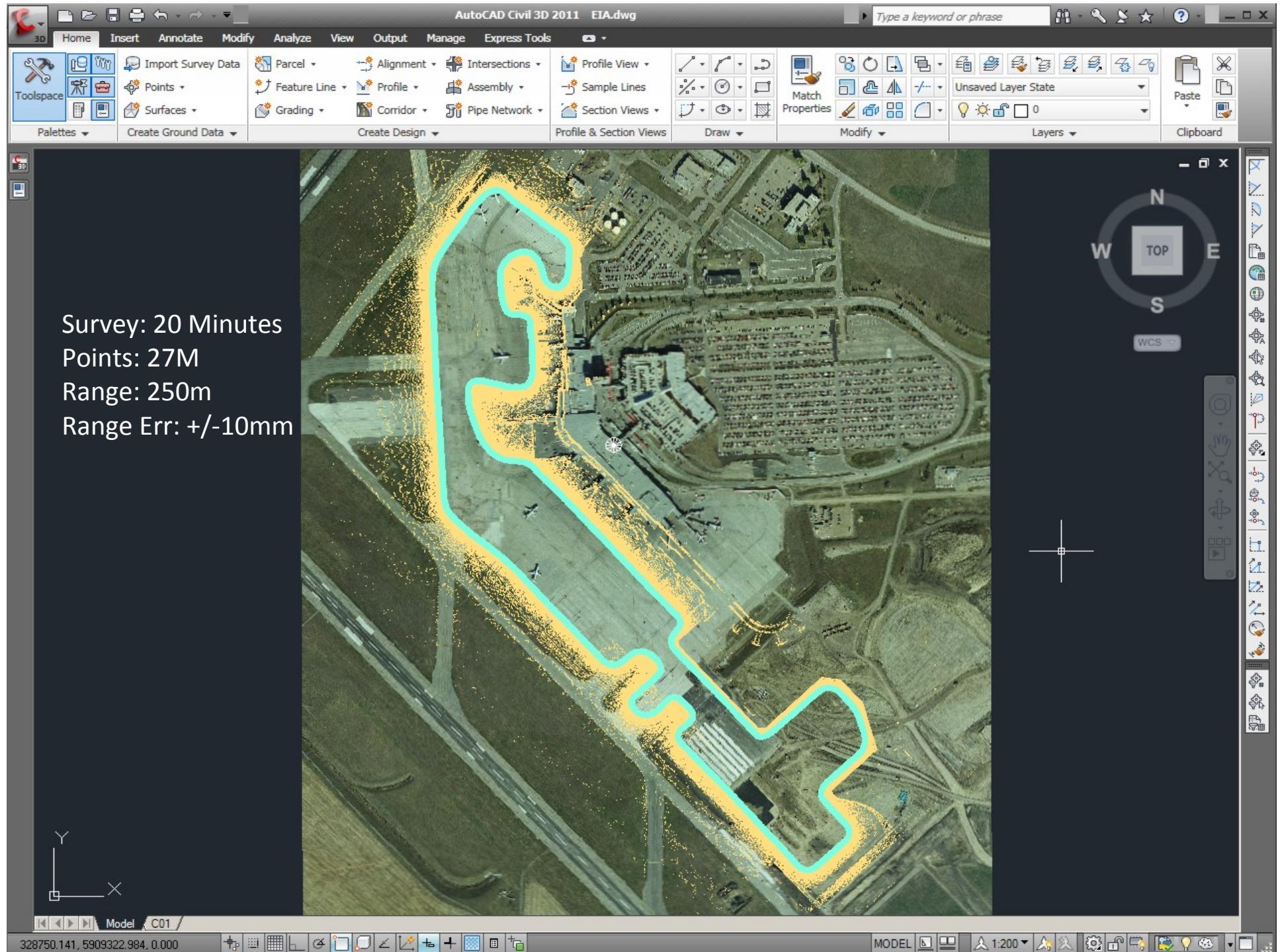


Bistatic Rotating Mirror LiDAR Sensor Schematic (Horizontal Configuration)

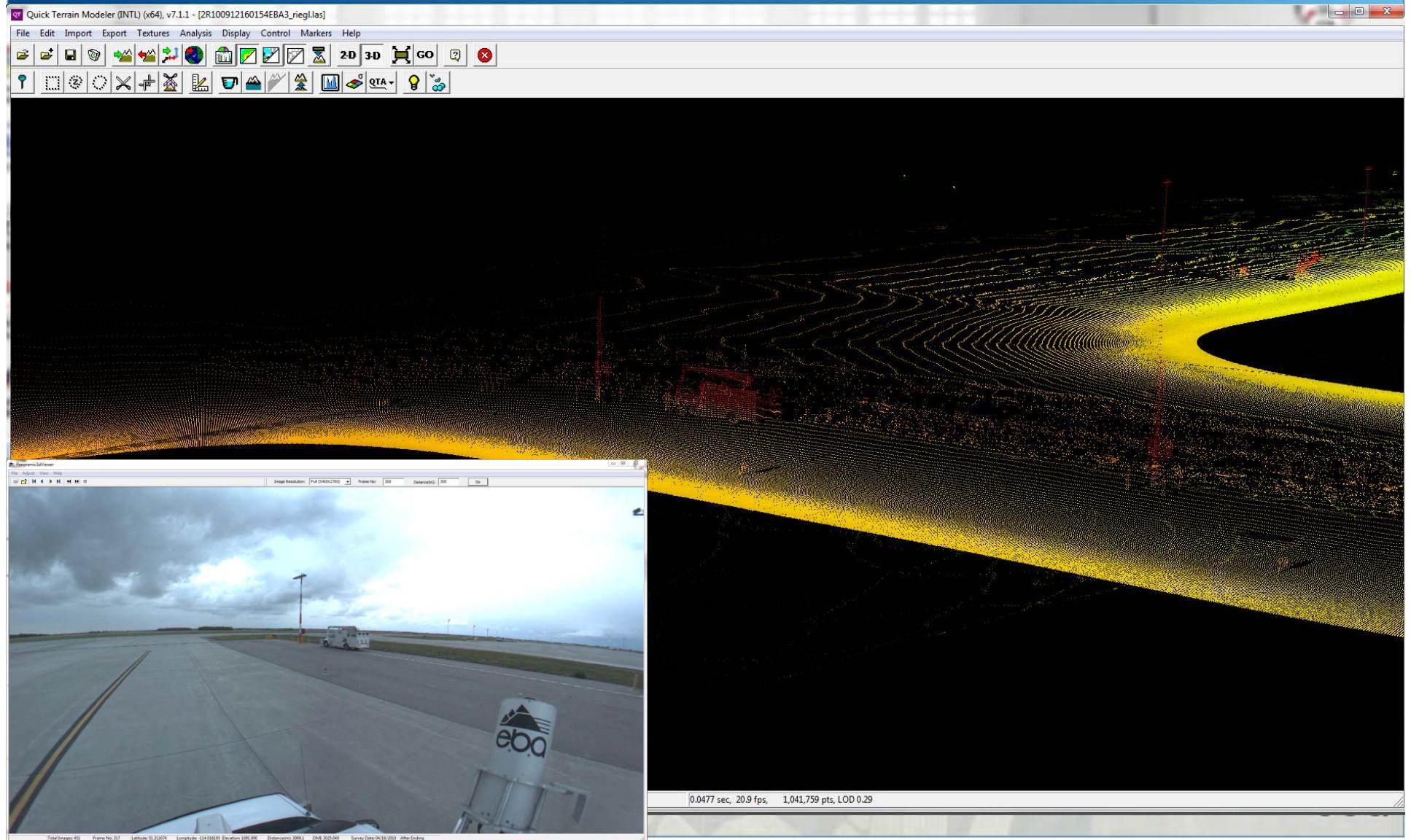


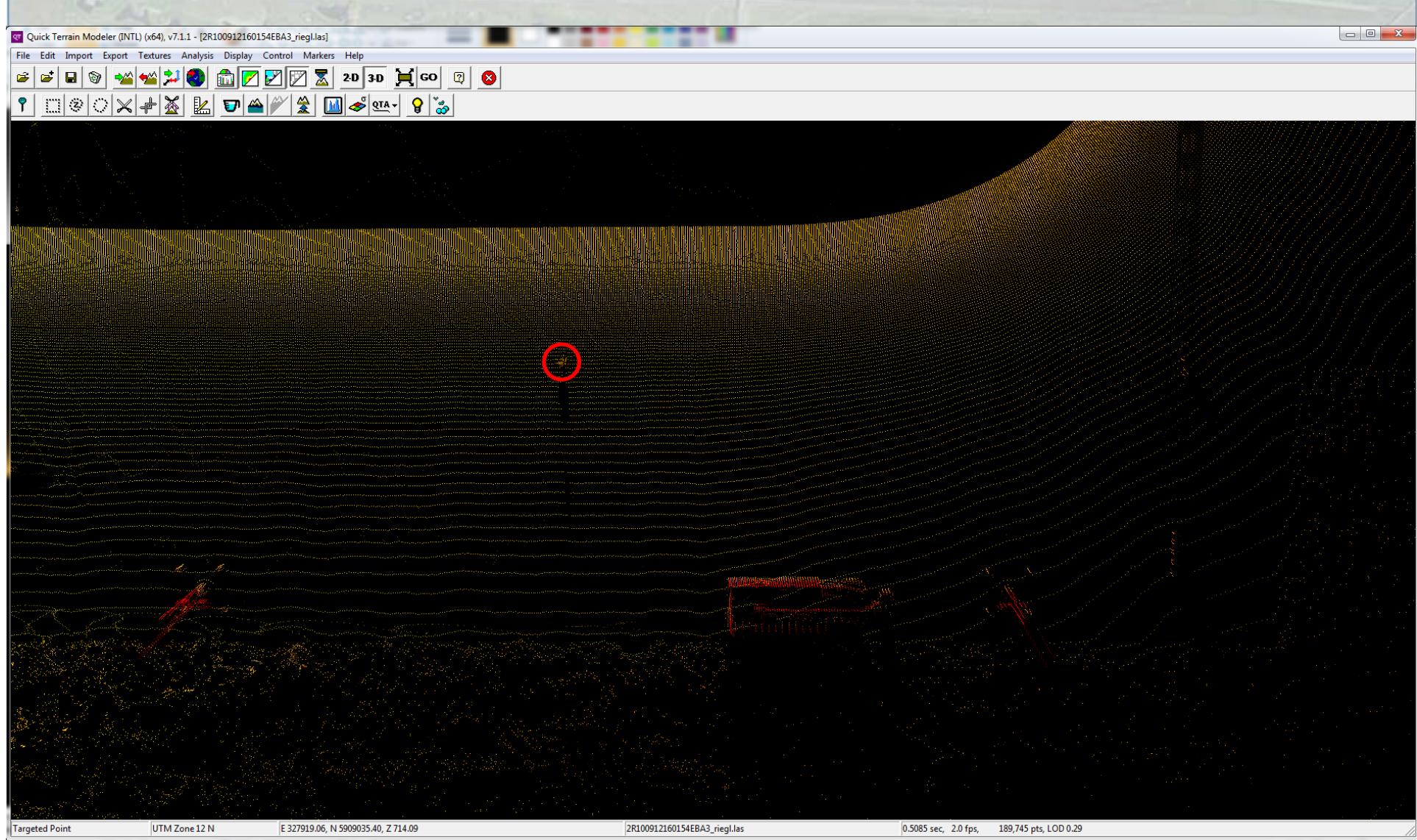
Light Detection And Ranging

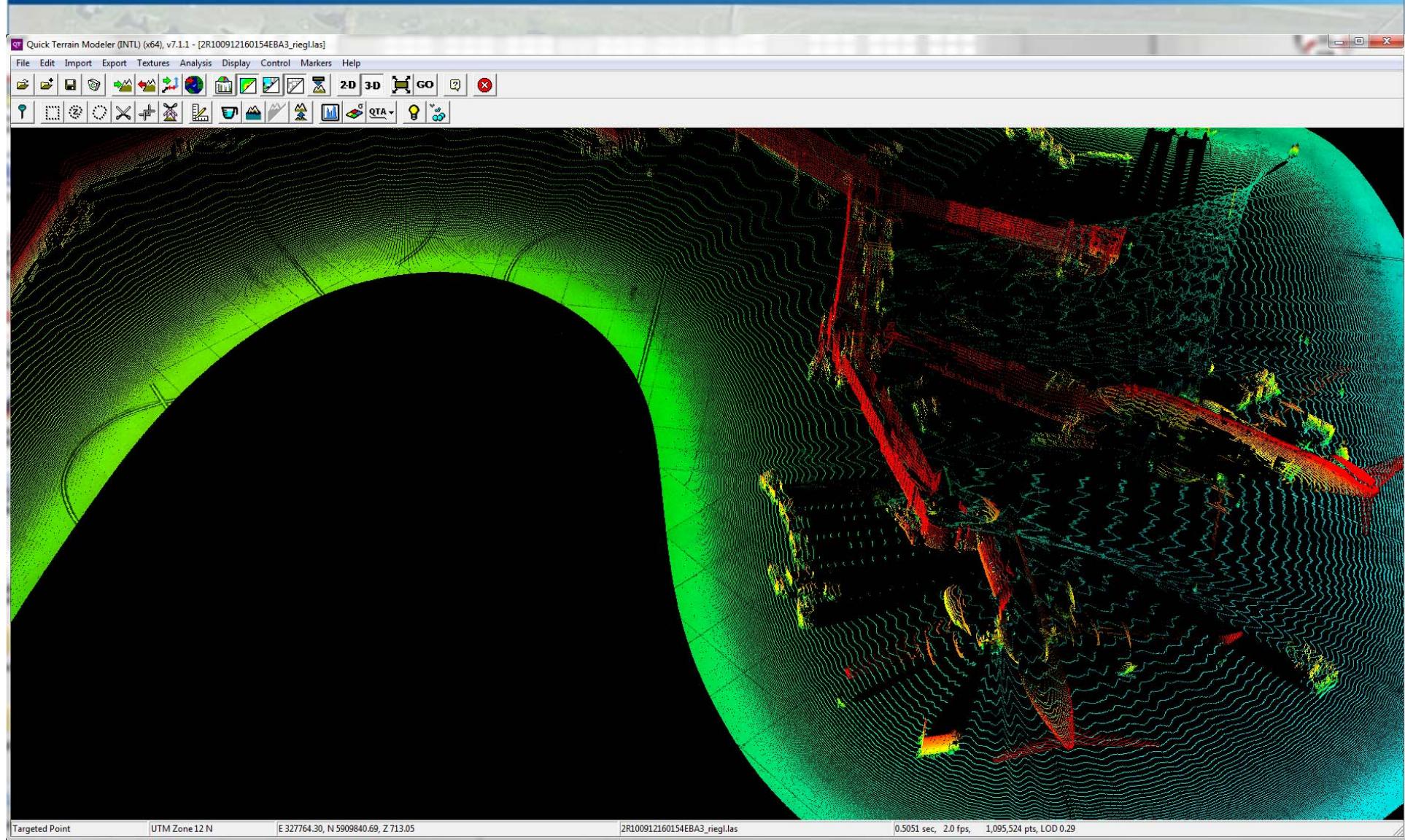


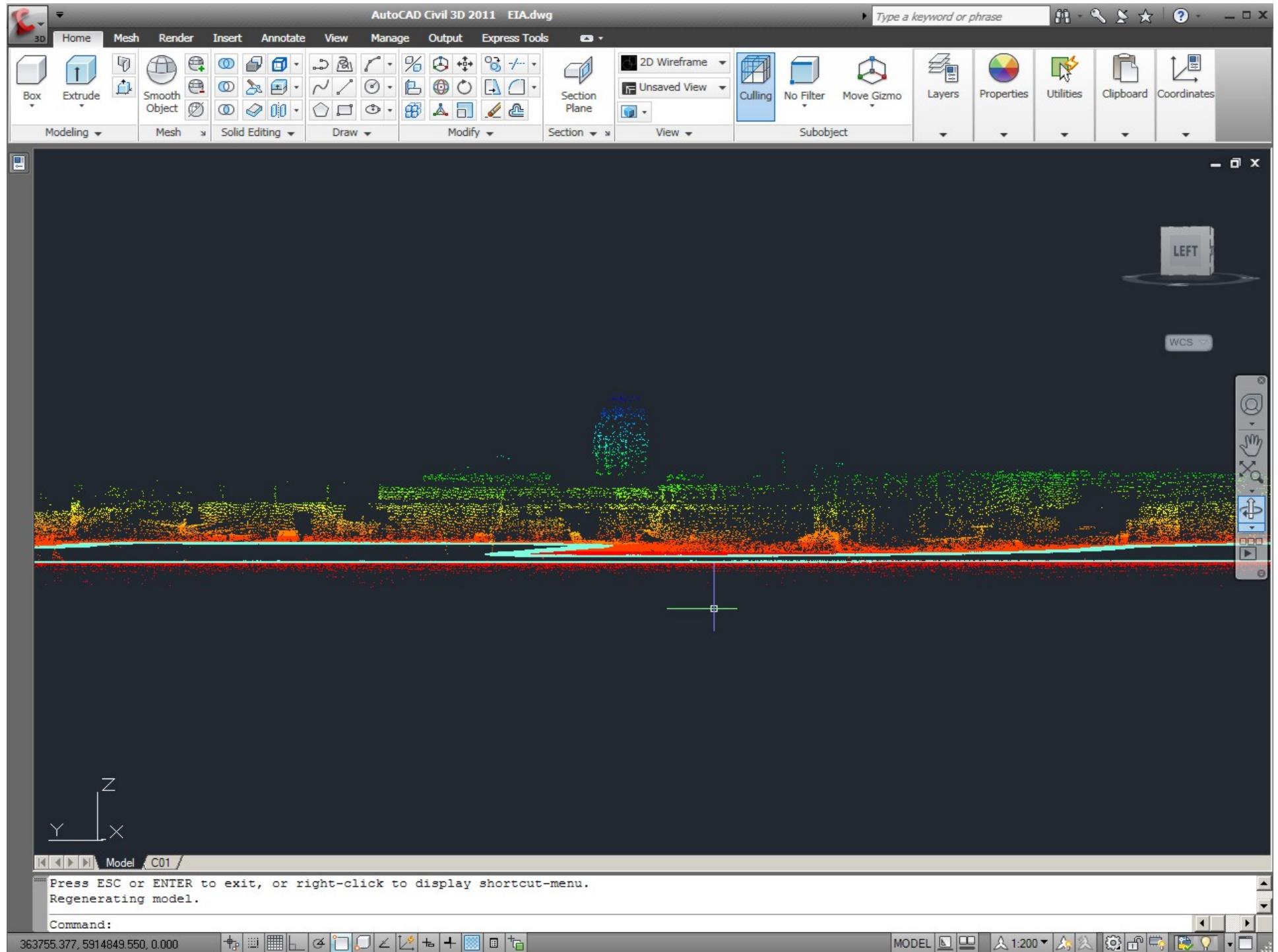


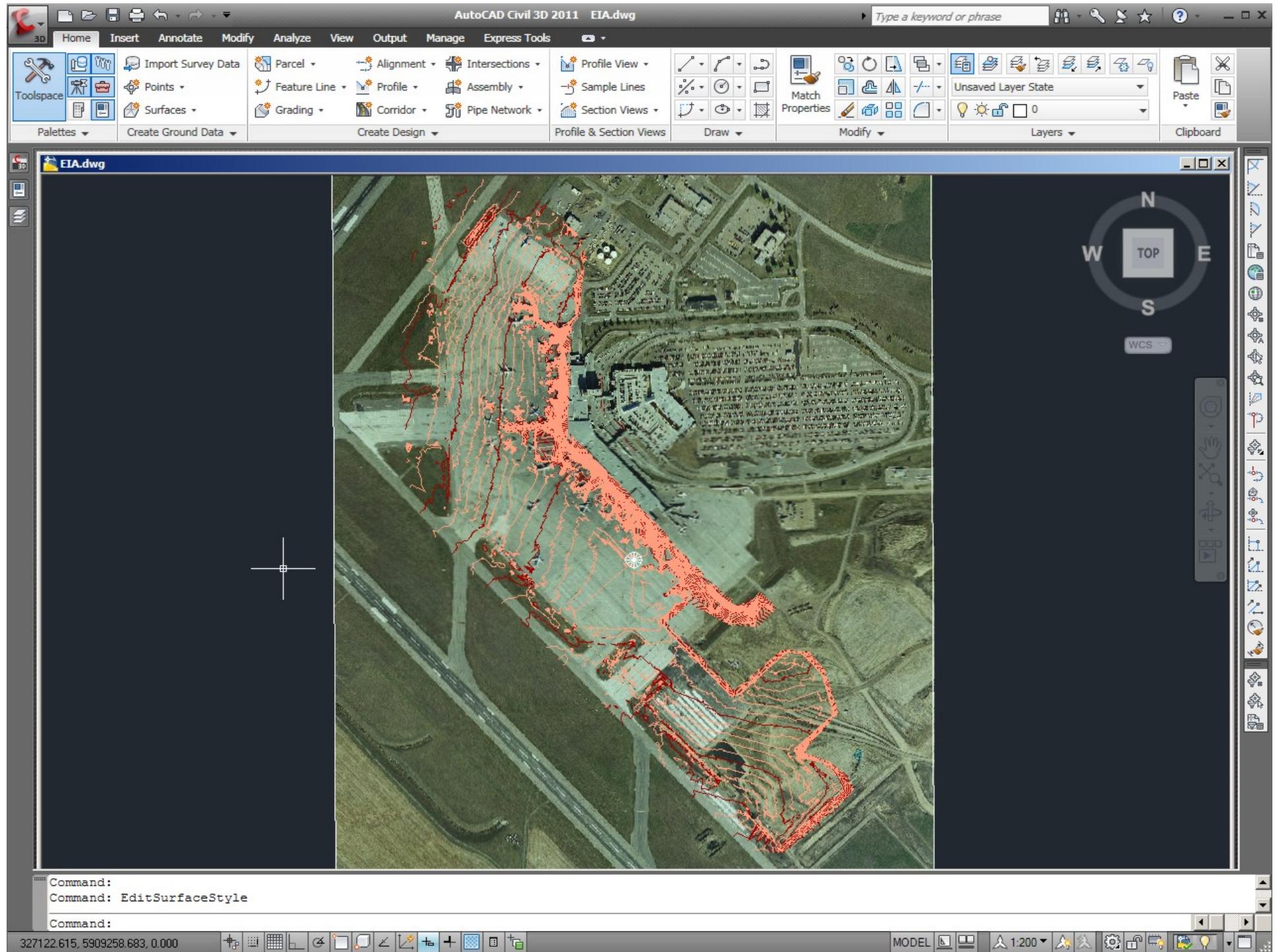
Referenced Point Cloud

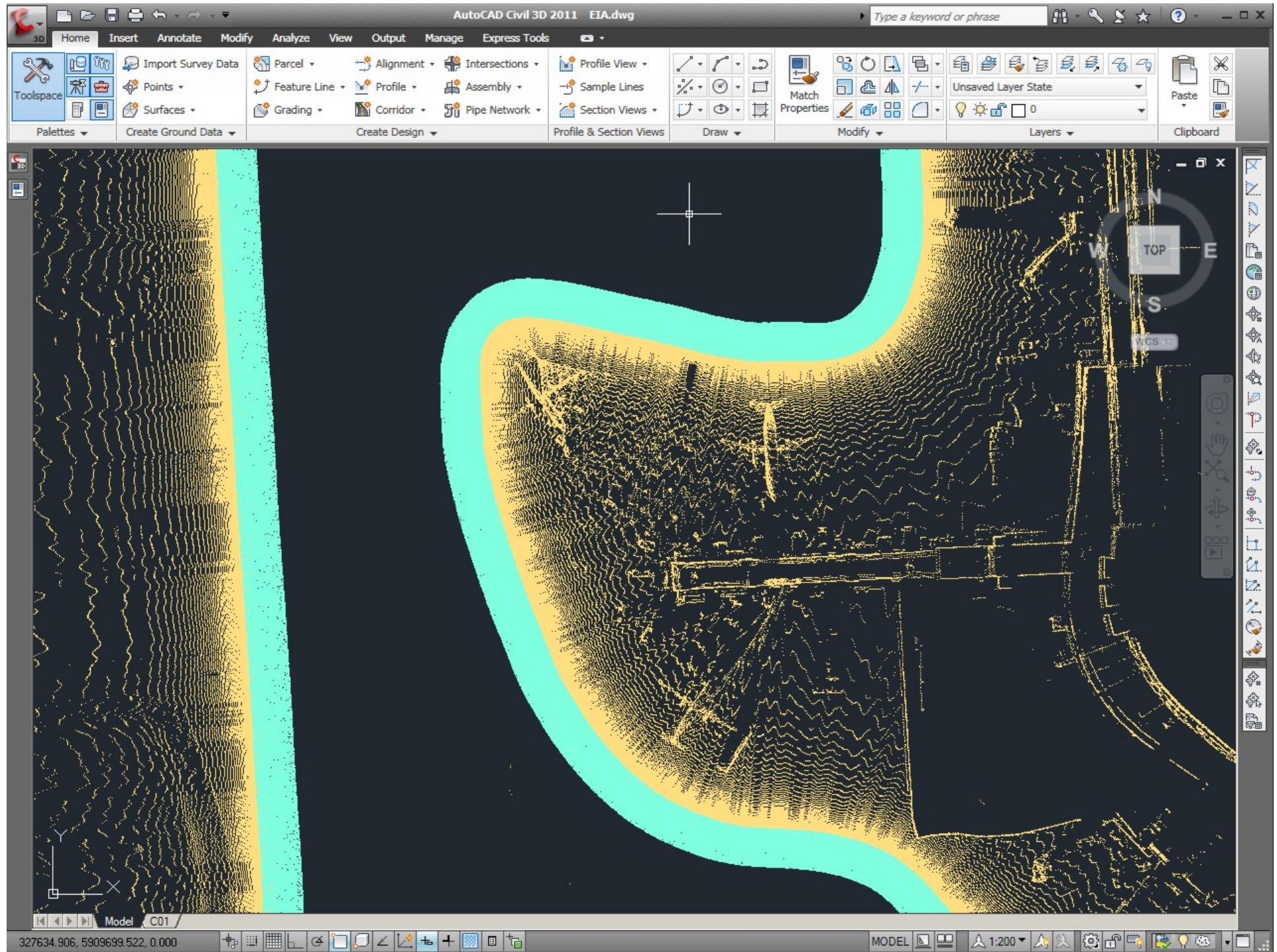


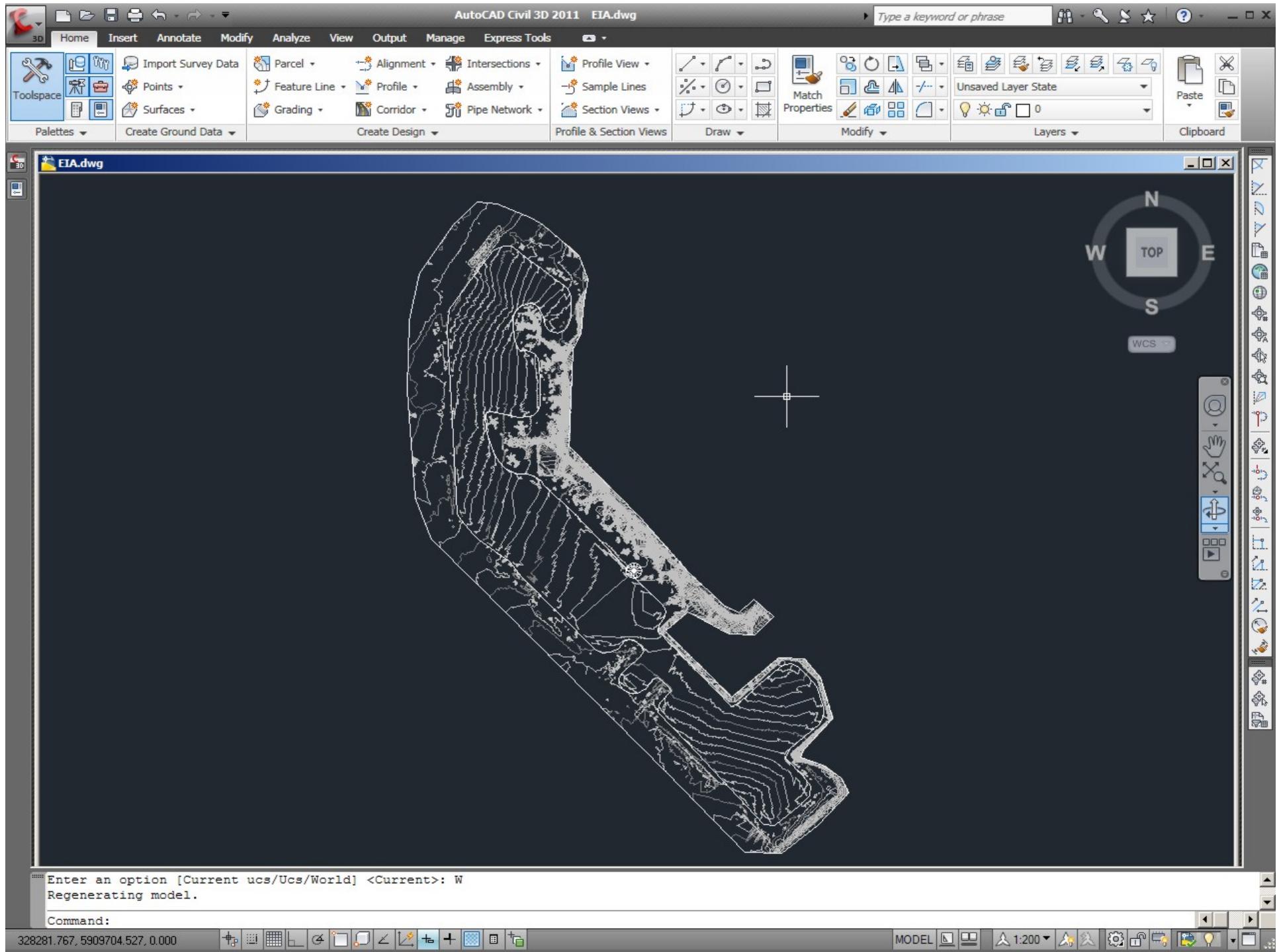


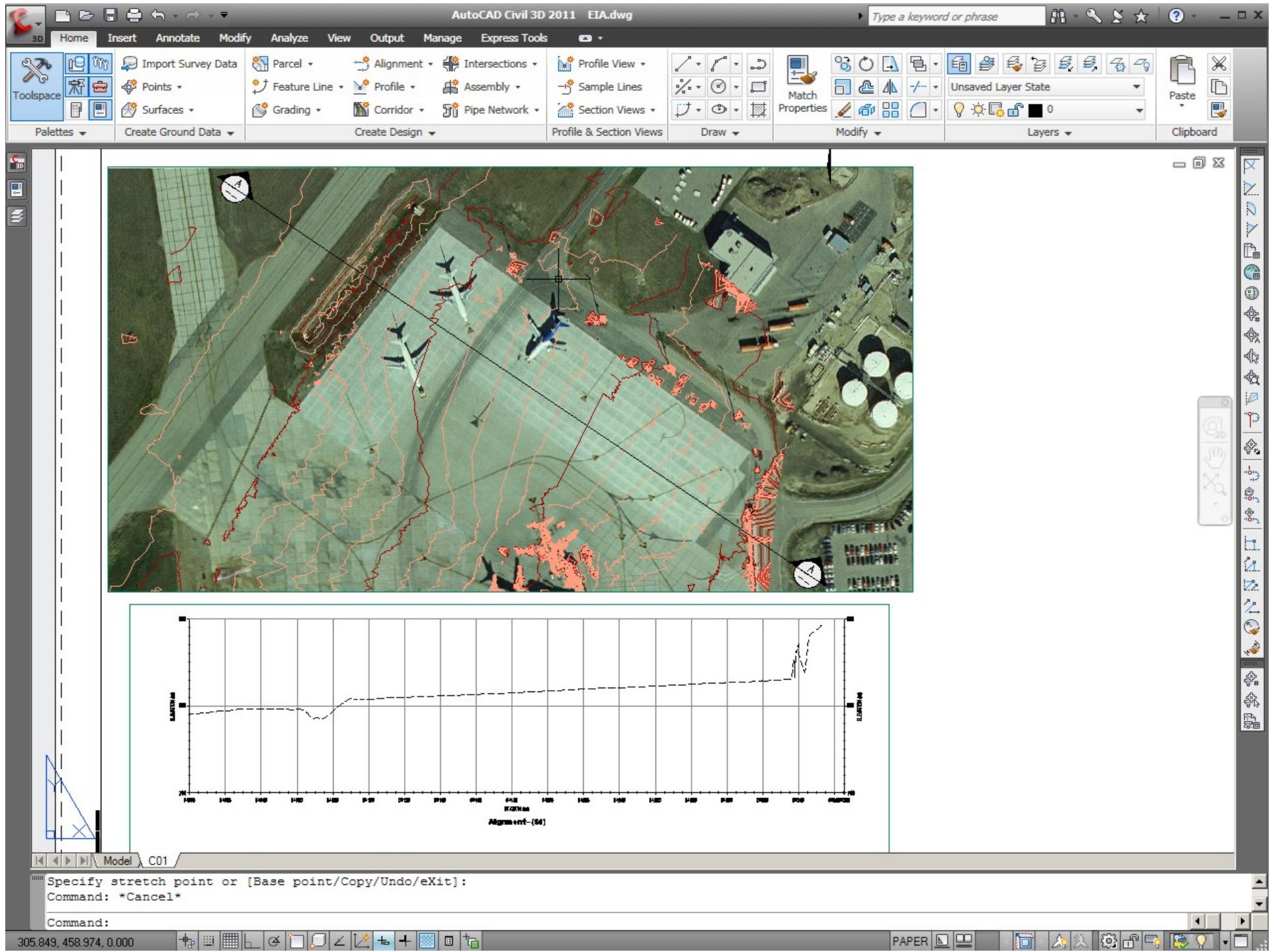














A photograph of a large commercial airplane, likely a Boeing 747, landing on a runway at sunset. The sky is filled with warm, orange and pink hues. The airplane's landing gear is down, and it is positioned centrally in the frame. In the background, airport buildings and other aircraft can be seen through a window with a circular frame.

QUESTIONS?

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